

**Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

**Listing of Claims:**

1. (Currently Amended) A method of detecting chemiluminescent emissions on a two-dimensional solid support, the method comprising:

contacting a surface layer of the solid support with a substrate composition comprising a first chemiluminescent 1,2-dioxetane substrate capable of being activated by a first enzyme to produce a first chemiluminescent signal and a second chemiluminescent 1,2-dioxetane substrate capable of being activated by a second enzyme to produce a second chemiluminescent signal; and

detecting the first and second chemiluminescent signals on the surface layer of the solid support;

wherein a plurality of probes are immobilized in a plurality of discrete areas on the surface layer at a density of at least 50 discrete areas per  $\text{cm}^2$ , at least some of the probes are bound to a first enzyme conjugate comprising the first enzyme prior to contacting the support surface with the substrate composition, and at least some of the probes are bound to a second enzyme conjugate comprising the second enzyme prior to contacting the support surface with the substrate composition; and

wherein the composition comprising the first and second chemiluminescent substrates is contacted with the surface layer in the presence of a composition comprising an onium polymer or copolymer chemiluminescent quantum yield enhancing material.

2. (Cancel)

3. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the discrete areas comprise one or more control probes and wherein the first enzyme conjugate is bound to a control probe.

4. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 3, further comprising quantifying the second chemiluminescent signal.

5. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 4, wherein the first and second chemiluminescent signals each have an intensity and quantifying comprises comparing the intensity of the first chemiluminescent signal to the intensity of the second chemiluminescent signal.

6. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 3, wherein a plurality of different probes are disposed on the surface layer of the solid support in different discrete areas and wherein detecting comprises detecting the location on the support surface of the first and second chemiluminescent signals.

7. (Canceled).

8. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 6, wherein the control probes are co-located in one or more of the same discrete areas as probes for a target molecule.

9. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein detecting comprises detecting locations on the surface layer of the solid support of the first and second chemiluminescent signals.

10. (Original) The method of Claim 9, wherein the plurality of discrete areas comprise oligonucleotide or nucleic acid probes.

11. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim 1, further comprising:

contacting the surface layer of the solid support with a sample comprising first target molecules labeled with a first label and second target molecules labeled with a second label prior to contacting the support surface with the substrate composition;

wherein the first target molecules are labeled with the first enzyme to form the first enzyme conjugate and the second target molecules are labeled with the second enzyme to form the second enzyme conjugate; or

wherein the first target molecules are labeled with a moiety capable of binding to the first enzyme conjugate and the second target molecules are labeled with a moiety capable of binding to the second enzyme conjugate; and

wherein contacting the surface layer of the solid support with the sample results in at least some of the probes being bound to a first enzyme conjugate comprising the first enzyme and at least some of the probes being bound to a second enzyme conjugate comprising the second enzyme.

12-13. (Canceled)

14. (Original) The method of Claim 11, wherein the first target molecules comprise a first pool of target nucleic acids and wherein the second target molecules comprise a second pool of target nucleic acids.

15. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 14, wherein the first and second pools of target nucleic acids each comprise mRNA transcripts of one or more genes.

16. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 14, wherein the first and second pools of target nucleic acids each comprise cDNA or cRNA.

17. (Original) The method of Claim 14, wherein the concentration of the target nucleic acids in the first and second pools of target nucleic acids is proportional to the expression level of the genes encoding the target nucleic acid.

18. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 11, wherein the plurality of probes comprises a control probe and wherein the first enzyme conjugate is bound to the control probe.

19. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 18, wherein the plurality of probes comprises oligonucleotide or nucleic acid probes and wherein the sample comprises a pool of target nucleic acids labeled with the second enzyme.

20. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 19, wherein the pool of target nucleic acids comprises mRNA transcripts of one or more genes.

21. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 20, wherein the pool of target nucleic acids comprises cDNA or cRNA.

22. (Original) The method of Claim 21, wherein the concentration of each of the target nucleic acids in the pool of target nucleic acids is proportional to the expression level of each of the genes encoding the target nucleic acid.

23. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the density of discrete areas on the surface layer is at least 100 discrete areas per  $\text{cm}^2$ .

24. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the density of discrete areas on the surface layer is at least 1,000 discrete areas per  $\text{cm}^2$ .

25. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the density of discrete areas on the surface layer is at least 25,000 discrete areas per  $\text{cm}^2$ .

26. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the density of discrete areas on the surface layer is at least 50,000 discrete areas per  $\text{cm}^2$ .

27. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein the surface layer of the solid support further comprises a fluorescent control.

28. (Original) The method of Claim 1, wherein the first chemiluminescent signal and the second chemiluminescent signal have different emission maxima.

29. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 28, wherein the first and second chemiluminescent signals each have an intensity and wherein detecting the first and second chemiluminescent signals comprises:

filtering emissions from the support surface with a first filter adapted to reduce the intensity of the second chemiluminescent signal relative to the intensity of the first chemiluminescent signal;

detecting the first chemiluminescent signal;

filtering emissions from the support surface with a second filter adapted to reduce the intensity of the first chemiluminescent signal relative to the intensity of the second chemiluminescent signal; and

detecting the second chemiluminescent signal.

30. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein the substrate composition comprising the first and second chemiluminescent substrates is a buffered solution.

31. (Original) The method of Claim 1, further comprising washing the surface layer of the solid support before contacting the surface layer with the substrate composition.

32-33. (Cancel).

34. (Withdrawn) A composition comprising a first chemiluminescent substrate capable of being activated by a first enzyme to produce a first chemiluminescent signal and a second chemiluminescent substrate capable of being activated by a second enzyme to produce a second chemiluminescent signal, wherein the first and second chemiluminescent signals are different.

35. (Withdrawn) The composition of Claim 34, wherein the composition is a buffered solution.

36. (Withdrawn) The composition of Claim 34, further comprising a chemiluminescent quantum yield enhancing agent, additive and/or counterion.

37. (Withdrawn) The composition of Claim 34, wherein the first and second chemiluminescent substrates are each 1,2-dioxetanes.

38. (Withdrawn) The composition of Claim 34, wherein the first chemiluminescent substrate is a 1,2-dioxetane substrate and the second chemiluminescent substrate is selected from the group consisting of an acridan ester substrate, an acridan thioester substrate, an enol phosphate substrate, an acridan enol phosphate substrate, and a luminol substrate.

39. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim [[2]] 1, wherein the composition comprising the chemiluminescent quantum yield enhancing material further comprises an

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additive selected from the group consisting of BSA, cyclodextrins, negatively charged salts, alcohols, polyols, poly(2-ethyl-Z-oxazoline), zwitterionic surfactants, anionic surfactants, cationic surfactants, and neutral surfactants.

40. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim [[2]] 1, wherein the composition comprising the chemiluminescent quantum yield enhancing material further comprises one or more counterion moieties selected from the group consisting of halide, sulfate, alkylsulfonate, triflate, arylsulfonate, perchlorate, alkanoate, arylcarboxylate and combinations thereof.

41. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 11, wherein the first enzyme conjugate is an antidigoxigenin:enzyme conjugate and wherein the first target molecules are labeled with digoxigenin.

42. (Previously Presented) The method of Claim 14, wherein the first pool of target nucleic acids is labeled with digoxigenin and the first enzyme conjugate is an antidigoxigenin:enzyme conjugate.

43. (Original) The method of Claim 42, wherein the pool of target nucleic acids labeled with digoxigenin comprises cDNA.

44. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim [[2]] 1, wherein the chemiluminescent quantum yield enhancing material is an onium polymer selected from the group consisting of poly(vinylbenzylammonium) salts, poly(vinylbenzylphosphonium) salts and poly(vinylbenzylsulfonium) salts.

45. (Currently Amended) The method of Claim [[2]] 1, wherein the chemiluminescent quantum yield enhancing material is an onium copolymer.